# Three Inch Borewell Submersible Pump Sets

Instruction & Operating Manual





**Texmo Industries**Est. 1956



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# 1. Introduction

Thank you for choosing a quality product manufactured by Texmo Industries. We request you to read this manual carefully to ensure that the system you have purchased will be operated correctly.

This manual is intended to provide you with information on your product and information on installation and operation. You will also find information on how you could contact Texmo Industries, should you need further information or help and support.

# 2. Warranty information

Please refer to your warranty card or visit **www.taropumps.com** for more information on your warranty.

# 3. Complying standards

IS 694: Polyvinyl Chloride insulated unsheathed and sheathed cables / cords with rigid and flexible conductor for rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IS 3043: Code of Practice for earthing: Specifications IS 8034: Submersible Pumpsets: Specifications

IS 9283: Motors for Submersible Pumpset: Specification

# 4. Contents of the packing box

Based on model you have purchased, your Borewell Submersible is packed along with instruction manual and warranty card in a corrugated box

# 5. Information about your pump

Taro Borewell Submersible pumpsets are manufactured using high quality raw materials and components using state-of-the-art manufacturing facilities. Taro Borewell Submersible pumpsets will give trouble free performance if they are properly installed and maintained. Prior to installation, go through this manual thoroughly and follow the instructions for installation and maintenance of our submersible pumpset so as to ensure reliable operation.

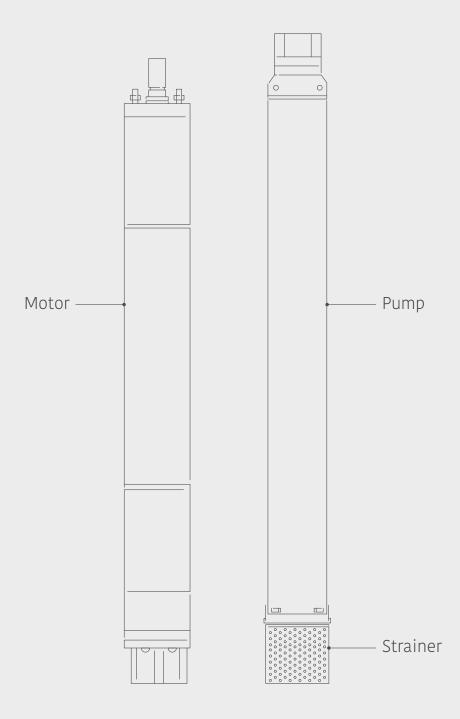
Applications include domestic and community water supply, water supply to high rise buildings, municipal water supply, industrial water supply.

The submersible pumpset should be installed by technically qualified personnel in compliance with national and local electrical codes and as per our instructions in order to avoid electrical shocks, unsatisfactory performance and equipment failure.

# 6. Schematic drawing

View of a 3 inch Submersible Pump Set is shown below in Fig. 1:

Fig. 1 View of 3 inch Submersible Pump Set



# 7. Key specifications & features

Standard Specification of 3 inch Borewell Submersible Pumps is shown below in TABLE 1:

Phase and Power	Single Phase: 1.0 HP
Motor Type	Wet
Starting method	DOL
Operating Voltage	Single Phase Premium: 180 – 240 V Power: 180 - 240 V Prime: 160 - 220 V
Frequency	50 Hz
Speed	2850 rpm
Duty	S1 Continuous
Max. Fluid Temperature	33°C
Impeller Type	Radial
Cable	3 Core PVC Insulated flat cable

### **Product Performance Specification**

Texmo Industries has a wide variety of 3 inch Borewell Submersibles to meet your requirements. Please consult our sales team / your nearest dealer to meet your specific requirements.

### **Key features: Motor**



Motor is filled with a mixture of pure clean water mixed with anti-corrosive liquid for improved motor life



The motor houses water lubricated journal and thrust bearings



The stator winding is water cooled and is made from poly-wrapped copper wire

<b>~</b>	Oil seal and sand guard is provided to prevent sand entry
<b>~</b>	High grade carbon thrust bearing enables reliable operation
<b>~</b>	Winding over hang protector provided to ensure the coil life
<b>~</b>	LTB 4 journal bearing bushes for longer life of motors
<b>~</b>	Motors fitted with copper rotor
<b>~</b>	Easily re-windable Squirrel-cage motor
<b>~</b>	Equipped with rubber diaphragm to compensate thermal expansion of water
<b>~</b>	High quality seal rings and sand guard to protect motor from sand entry

### **Key features: Pump**

<b>✓</b>	Special nitrile rubber bearing bushes for high wear resistance
<b>~</b>	Built-in NRV with low head loss design
<b>~</b>	Pumps fitted with high quality engineering polymer NORYL GF 30% impellers and diffuser housings
<b>~</b>	TBRT Series pumps are provided with Stainless Steel clad Noryl diffusers
<b>~</b>	Stainless Steel pump shell for enhanced corrosion resistance
<b>~</b>	Stainless steel shaft for enhanced corrosion protection
<b>~</b>	Counter thrust collar to limit up-thrust

### **Key features: Strainer**



A Stainless Steel strainer, wrapped around the Inlet Bracket, prevents the ingress of pebbles into the intake during pumping

### **Key features: Wiring Harness**

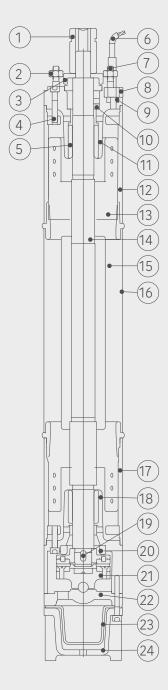


All submersible motors are provided with 3 core PVC insulated flat cable of length 3 metres

# 8. Cross-section view

Cross-section view of 3 Inch Submersible Motor assembled with Double D coupling mounted on the shaft is shown below in Fig. 2:

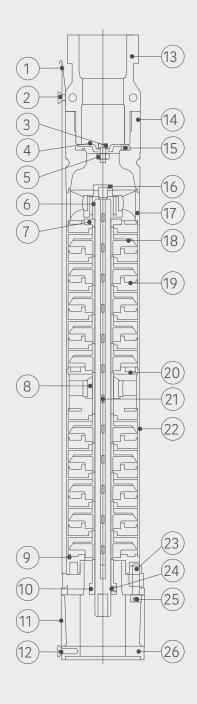
Fig. 2 Cross-section view of 3 inch submersible motor



PART No.	PART NAME	
1	Coupling	
2	Hex. Nut	
3	Sand Guard	
4	Hex Socket Head Cap Screw	
5	Bush	
6	Cable	
7	Stud	
8	Cable Gland Bush	
9	Cable Gland	
10	Oil Seal	
11	Top Housing	
12	Intermediate Shell - Top	
13	Wdg Overhang Protector	
14	Rotor With Shaft	
15	Stator Stack With Winding	
16	Stator Housing Shell	
17	Intermediate Shell - Bottom	
18	Bottom Housing	
19	Parallel Key	
20	Thrust Collar	
21	Carbon Thrust Unit Assy	
22	Thrust Insert	
23	Diaphragm	
24	Motor Base	

Cross-section view of 3 Inch Submersible radial flow pump, TRT Series, is shown below in Fig. 3:

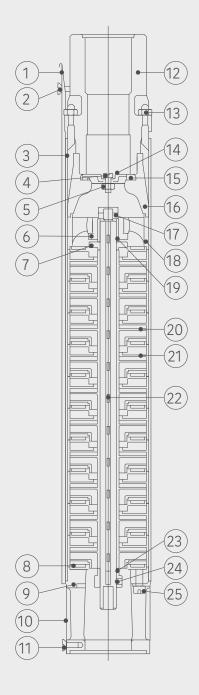
Fig. 3 Cross-section view of 3 inch submersible radial flow pump – TRT series



PART No.	PART NAME	
1	Cable Guard	
2	Cable Clamp With Screw	
3	Hexagon Bolt	
4	Nrv Cup Washer	
5	Hexagon Nut	
6	Sleeve	
7	Thrust Collar	
8	Bush	
9	Inlet Seal Ring	
10	Distance Sleeve	
11	Strainer	
12	CH Screw	
13	Delivery Casing Outer	
14	Delivery Casing Inner	
15	Non - Return Valve	
16	Lock Nut	
17	Pump Housing	
18	Impeller	
19	Diffuser Housing	
20	Intermediate Housing	
21	Lock Pin	
22	Pump Housing Shell	
23	Shell Locking Nut	
24	Hex Socket Head Set Screw	
25	Hex Socket Head Cap Screw	
26	Inlet Bracket	

Cross-section view of 3 Inch Submersible Box type radial flow pump, TBRT Series, is shown below in Fig. 4:

Fig. 4 Cross-section view of 3 inch submersible box type radial flow pump – TBRT series



PART No.	PART NAME			
1	Cable Guard			
2	Cable Clamp With Screw			
3	Tie Bar			
4	CSK Screw			
5	Hexagon Nut			
6	Pump Housing - Bush			
7	Thrust Collar			
8	Impeller Sealing Plate			
9	Inlet Bracket			
10	Strainer			
11	CH Screw			
12	Delivery Casing Outer			
13	Hexagon Nut			
14	NRV Cup Washer			
15	NRV			
16	Delivery Casing Inner			
17	Lock Nut			
18	Pump Housing			
19	Sleeve			
20	Impeller			
21	Diffuser Housing			
22	Lock Pin			
23	Distance Sleeve			
24	Hex Socket Head Set Screw			
25	Hex Socket Head Cap Screw			

# 9. Pre-installation requirements

### **Arrangement for Installation**



Use the services of a professional and trained mechanic with experience in erecting borewell submersibles



Ensure proper safety during installation



Ensure the availability of electrical power as indicated in Table 1

### **General Installation Precautions**



Open the packaging and note down the serial number and model for future reference



Inspect the purchased pump for damage / leakage



Ensure all fasteners are tightened properly



Check the inside diameter of the well casing to ensure that it is not smaller than the size of the submersible



Check depth of borewell to determine the length of piping and power cable required



Note

If you detect damage or discrepancy in the product, contact the dealer from whom the pump was purchased



Warning

Do not use this pump for oil or toxic, acetic, corrosive and flammable liquids. Pumping flammable liquids could cause explosion



Caution

Do not use the pump cable for lifting / lowering the pump

Caution	Use trained professionals to install the submersible pump. Improper fitment can cause the pump to fall into the bottom of the bore
Warning	Use a power supply cable that has sufficient rating and has been exclusively provided for the pump. Factor in low-voltage operation
Warning	Provide proper earthing as improper earthing can cause electrical shock
Caution	Use a Megger to verify the insulation resistance of the motor. Insulation resistance should be $20 M\Omega$ minimum
Caution	Do not place the submersible pump with its base resting at the bottom of the borewell. There is a possibility for the motor and pump to be buried in the silt which collects at the bottom of the borewell
Note	Mount the pump vertically. Never inclined or horizontal

# **Operation Precautions**

Caution	Do not run the pump dry. It could lead to product damage
Warning	Switch OFF the power supply and ensure that the impeller completely stops before making adjustments
Caution	Do not use this pump for pumping liquid exceeding 33°C as this may lead to product failure
Warning	Do not switch ON the pump if there is any human contact with the pumped medium. If any electrical leakage occurs, this could be fatal

# 10. Installation procedure

Please follow the below procedure to install the pump and motor.



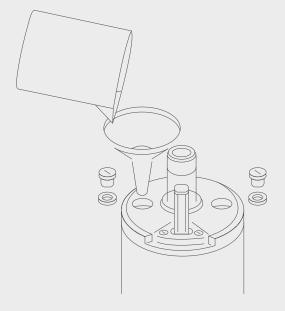
Caution

The supply voltage should be within -15% to +6% of rated voltage. Water temperature for operation of the pump should not exceed 33°C. Failure to observe the precautions given above could cause the pump to malfunction, which may lead to current leakage or electrical shock.

### Installation

The submersible motor is supplied pre-filled with a mixture of clear cold drinking water and anti-corrosive liquid. The following steps are executed prior to installation:

- **/**
- Position the motor vertically on its base
- 1
- Check if all fasteners are tight. Tighten if required
- The two threaded plugs provided at the top are removed as shown in Fig. 5 below.



# Fig. 5 Topping up the 3 inch Submersible Motor with Pure Drinking Water

Check water level in the motor and if required, top up with clear drinking water

Air bubbles, if any, are removed by gently rocking the motor to and fro





If there is no leakage, the motor is now ready for coupling with the pump and then installation

### **Checking Insulation Resistance**

Before submerging the unit, measure the insulation resistance using a megger of 1000 VDC

Ensure contact points are clean

Connect the measuring cable to the ground conductor

Connect the other measuring cable to every core of the motor cable in succession

Ensure that the insulation resistance, as shown on the Megger, is a minimum of  $20M\Omega$ 

### Waterproofing the Submersible Motor Cable - Supply Cable Joint



Danger

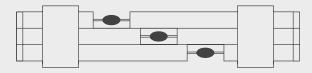
Hazardous voltage will cause death, serious injury, electrocution.

Disconnect all power before working on this equipment and that it cannot be accidentally switched ON.

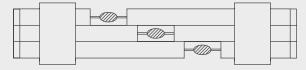
Refer the sequence shown in Fig. 6 below for insulating the cable joint for under water application:

# Procedure for joining and Insulating the 3 core conductors:

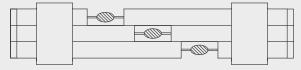
**Step 1:** Soldering / knot the copper strands



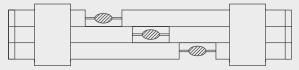
**Step 2:** Layer 1 - 1st layer of virgin rubber insulation



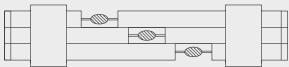
**Step 3:** Layer 2 - 1st layer of PVC Insulation tape



**Step 4:** Layer 3 - 2nd layer of virgin rubber insulation



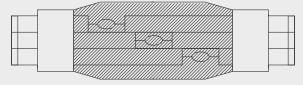
**Step 5:** Layer 4 - 2nd layer of PVC Insulation tape



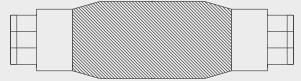
### • Fig. 6 Cable Joint for under water application

# Procedure for joining and insulating the cable joint for under-water cable:

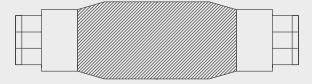
**Step 6:** Layer 1 - 1st layer of virgin rubber insulation



**Step 7:** Layer 2 - 1st layer of PVC Insulation tape



**Step 8:** Layer 3 - 2nd layer of PVC Insulation tape



### **Checking direction of rotation of Motor**



Danger

Hazardous voltage will cause death, serious injury, electrocution.

All electrical work must be performed by an authorized electrician in compliance with local electrical equipment standards & internal wiring codes.



After water-proofing the joint connecting the submersible motor cable and supply cable, check if the direction of rotation of the motor shaft matches the direction marked on the visible face of the top housing



The direction of rotation is counter-clockwise looking from the motor shaft end, as marked on the cable box



Connect the free ends of the cable to the control panel and energize the motor for a second or two



For added protection, continuously pour clean water over the sand guard to remove heat generated



Check the direction of rotation of the motor shaft



If the direction of rotation is in the same direction as that marked on the Top Housing exposed face, the connections are right



For Single-Phase models, in case the direction of rotation does not match the marking on the Top Housing, return the set back to the dealer from where it was purchased

### **Coupling submersible motor to pump**



Danger

Hazardous voltage will cause death, serious injury, electrocution. Disconnect all power before working on this equipment and that it cannot be accidentally switched ON.

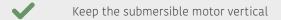
To couple the submersible motor and pump, follow the following procedure:



The tripod with chain block is erected



Unpack the submersible pump and remove the cable guard and strainer

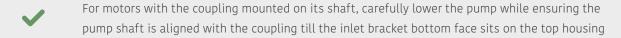




Apply threading compound to the internal thread on the delivery casing and the external threaded portion of the short length delivery pipe to be fitted to the delivery casing

Screw the short length of delivery pipe to the delivery casing

Refer Fig. 7 below for coupling the submersible motor to the pump:



For pumps with the coupling mounted on its shaft, carefully lower the pump while ensuring the motor shaft is aligned with the coupling till the inlet bracket bottom face sits on the top housing

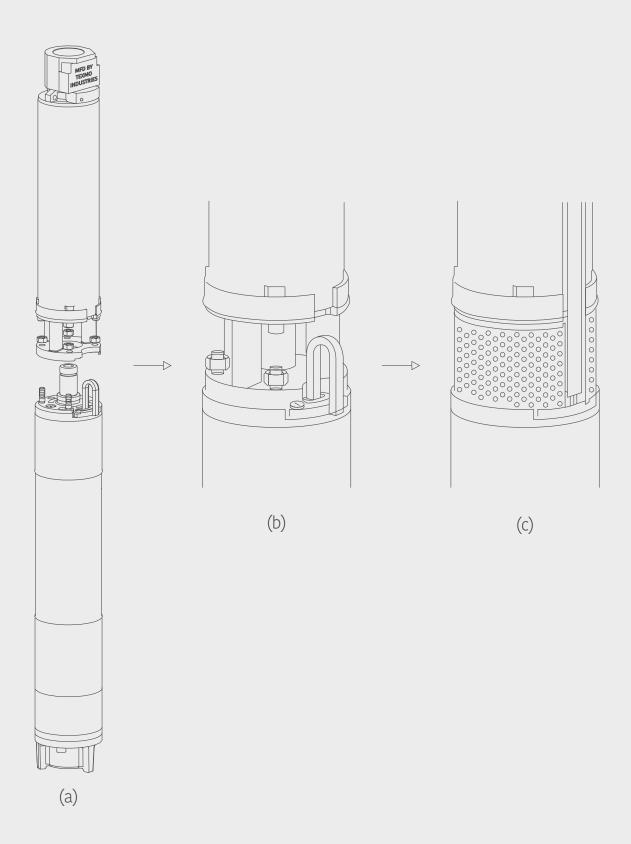
Ensure that studs on the motor top housing should pass through the holes in the bottom portion of the inlet bracket and that the face of inlet bracket rests on motor top housing.

Using hexagonal nuts, tighten the inlet bracket to top housing of the motor

Check the play by lifting the coupling with pump shaft

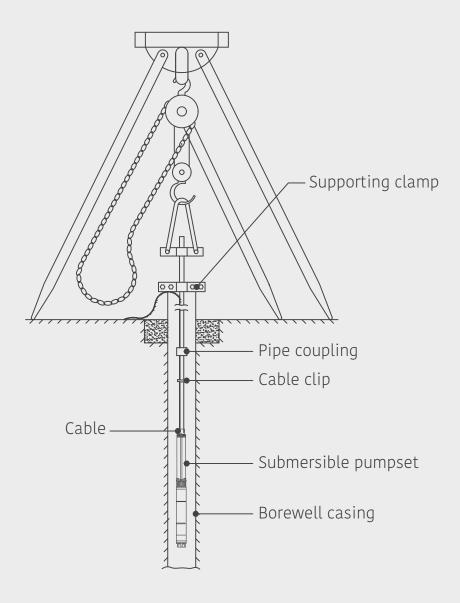
Lastly fit the cable guard and strainer back in position, ensuring that the cable is covered by the Cable Guard

### • Fig. 7 Assembling submersible motor with coupling and pump



Fit the supporting clamp to the delivery pipe and suspend the submersible pump from the chain block (Refer Fig. 8)

### Fig. 8 Typical tripod stand for lowering / lifting submersible pumpsets



### **Arrangement for installation**



Use the services of a professional and trained mechanic with experience in erecting borewell submersible



While lowering the pumpset, ensure the cable does not get damaged



Use cable clips to keep the cable as close as possible to the pipe



Ensure the suspended submersible pump has a secondary support to prevent the set from falling to the bottom of the borewell

### **Electrical installation**

Check the power supply voltage and frequency and compare with the product requirements specified on the name plate.

Observe relevant EB regulations while giving power supply to the motor

Use a single cable from the control panel right up to the Submersible Motor

Ground the Submersible Motor

Ensure the joint is water proof as the cable joint is submerged in water

The cable must not be coiled if it is of extra length. Any excess should be cut off before the connections are made

Connect the cable properly to the starter terminals

### **Control panel**



Warning

Failure to use correct starting equipment and overloads may damage your

Submersible Motor. This damage may not be covered by warranty.

It is recommended that the control panel shall incorporate the following:

Contactors of sufficient current ratings with overload relay

Over voltage and under voltage protection

✓ Phase failure protection

Dry run preventer

Ammeter and Voltmeter to display the current and voltage

### Cable Lead Wire Connection to Control panel

### Control panel

Cable	Terminal
Red	R
Yellow	Υ
Blue	В

### **Cable Selection**

Refer TABLE 2 for the selection of cables from Control Panel to Submersible Motor:

### Submersible Cable Selection Chart (For 220 V, 50 Hz Ac power supply)

FL	Moto	r Rating						Cable siz	e in Sq.m	m	
Current	rrent			2.5	4.0	6.0	10.0	16.0	25.0	35.0	50.0
(Amps)	KW	HP		Maximum Length of Cable in Metres							
4.5	0.37	0.5	160	267	430	646					
5.4	0.55	0.75	133	222	359	538					
6	0.75	1	120	200	323	484	837				
9.5	1.1	1.5	75	126	204	306	529	835			
13	1.5	2	55	92	149	223	386	610	946		
20	2.2	3		60	96	145	251	396	615	866	
28	3.7	5			69	103	179	283	439	618	888

### Notes:

- Table shows maximum allowable length of submersible cable for the given full load current where site voltage is normal ie 220 V.
- For other voltages, the cable size is to be selected for the length which is calculated as follows.
- Calculated length = (220 / Actual voltage) x Actual length

### **Electrical wiring work**



Warning

All electrical work must be performed by an authorized electrician in compliance with local electrical equipment standards and internal wiring codes.

Improper wiring can lead to current leakage, electrical shock, or fire.

Provide a dedicated earth leakage circuit breaker, single phase preventer, dry run preventer and overload preventer for the submersible pump. Failure to follow this warning can cause electrical shock.

Operate well within the capacity of the power supply and wiring.

### **Earthing**



Warning

Be sure to install the ground wire securely. Failure to observe this precaution could damage the pump and cause current leakage which may lead to electrical shock



Caution

Do not connect the ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod, or telephone ground wire. Improper grounding could cause electrical shock

### Connecting the power supply



Observe relevant Electricity Board regulations while powering up the Pumpset



Warning

Before inserting the power plug or connecting the wires to the terminal board, make sure the power supply is properly disconnected. Failure to do so may lead to electrical shock, short, or injury caused by the unintended starting of the pump



Caution

Do not use damaged cables, power plugs, or loose power outlets. Failure to observe this precaution could lead to electrical shock, short circuit or fire.

### **Precautions during installation**



Warning

When installing the pump assembly, ensure that it is suspended properly from the tripod stand or else the pump will fall into the bottom of the bore and which is difficult to retrieve. Provide backup suspension while lowering the pump



Caution

When installing or moving the pump, never suspend the pump by the cable. Doing so will damage the cable, which may cause current leakage, electrical shock, or fire

### Start-up



When the pump has been connected correctly, direction of rotation confirmed and is submerged in water, it should be started with the gate valve closed off to approximately 1/3 of its maximum volume of water



If there are impurities in the water, the valve should be opened gradually as the water becomes clearer



The pump should not be stopped until the water is clean, as otherwise the pump parts and the non-return valve may choke up



As the valve is being opened, the drawdown of the water level should be checked to ensure that the pump always remains submerged



The dynamic water level should always be above the inlet bracket



If the borewell yield is less than the discharge of the pump it is recommended to have a dry run protection device.



If the water level approaches the inlet bracket, there is likelihood of air being drawn into the pump along with water. This can reduce the life of hydraulic components and damage the pump.



Warning

If you find any abnormalities like vibration, noise, smell, etc. from the pump during trial operation, switch OFF the pump and contact the dealer where this pump was purchased.

# 11. Basic troubleshooting



To prevent serious accidents, disconnect the power supply before inspecting the pump.

Read this Operation Manual carefully before requesting repair. Contact the dealer where this equipment was purchased. Servicing and troubleshooting must be handled by qualified persons with proper tools and equipment. Common faults, root cause for these and suggested actions are provided in TABLE 3 below:

Fault	Possible causes	Suggested actions		
	No electricity supply	Check the line. Contact the local EB authorities.		
	Blown fuse	Check and replace / rectify the fuse		
	Defective motor winding	Rewind the motor		
	The motor control panel device is defective	Repair / replace the Control panel device		
	Damaged coupling	Take out the pump set to check for coupling damage, replace coupling if necessary.		
The pump does not run	The dry run protector has cut-off the electricity supply to the pump, due to low water level	Check the borewell yield, if the yield is less, reduce the discharge using a gate valve or wait for the water level to rise		
	Faults in cable joints / Loose connections	Check the connections and make proper joints		
	The motor starter overload has tripped	Reset the motor starter overload. If it trips again, check the voltage. If the voltage is OK, replace over load relay		
	The ELCB has tripped out	Reset the ELCB, If trips again check the insulation resistance of the motor		
	Available voltage is less	Check for loose connections or contact EB authorities. If needed, replace the cable.		
Less discharge from pump	Increase in draw-down	Lower the pumpset or wait for water level to rise		
	Leakage in pipes	Change the pipes which have leakages		

Fault	Possible causes	Suggested actions		
	Excessive wear of pump components mainly Impeller, wearing ring, etc. due to high sand content and prolonged operation	Replace the worn-out parts		
	Discharge pipe coated with depositions	Clean the pipe and remove depositions		
	Foreign bodies lodged in impellers	Lift the pump and clean the impellers		
	The draw down is larger than anticipated	Lower the pump if specification meet the required head. If not, change the pump as per the required head.		
Less discharge from pump	Wrong direction of rotation	For three phase, Interchange the supply connections of any two phases		
	The valve in the discharge pipe are partly closed / blocked	Check and clean / replace the valves, if necessary		
	The discharge pipe is partly choked by impurities	Check/replace the discharge pipe		
	The NRV of the pump is partly blocked	Pull out the pump and check / replace the valve		
	The pump and the riser pipe are partly choked by impurities	Pull out the pump. Check and clean or replace the pump, if necessary. Clean the pipes		
	The pump is defective	Repair / replace the pump		
	Excessive wear of pump components mainly Impeller, wearing ring, etc. due to high sand content and prolonged operation	Replace the worn-out pump parts		
Total head developed is too low	Discharge pipe coated with depositions	Clean the pipe and remove the depositions		
	Voltage too low	Check the voltage		
	Defective rotor	Change the rotor		
	Defective motor winding	Change the winding		
	Damaged thrust bearing	Change the worn-out bearings		

Fault	Possible causes	Suggested actions
The pump runs but no discharge	The discharge valve is closed	Open the valve
	No water or too low water level in the borehole	Lower the pump if head is within the specification
	The NRV is stuck in its shut position	Pull out then pump and clean / replace the valve
	The inlet strainer is choked up	Pull out the pump and clean the strainer
	The pump is defective	Repair / replace the pump
Note	Conduct trial operation after maintenance	
Note	Dispose replaced components and oil with appropriate care so as to protect the environment	
Caution	Do not try to solve unspecified troubles of pump as it may lead to severe damage to the pump or injury to personnel. Contact the dealer where this pump was purchased	



# 12. Preventive maintenance checks

A definite schedule of preventive maintenance inspections should be established to avoid breakdown, serious damage and extensive downtime. The schedule will depend on operating conditions and experience with similar equipment. The below check list does not represent an exhaustive survey of maintenance steps necessary to ensure safe operation of the submersible pump.



Warning

The pump must not be operated with the delivery valve shut-off for more than a few seconds; otherwise the pump will overheat, possibly causing permanent damage



Warning

Utilise the services of an electrician to carry out electrical measurements / checking the functioning of the control panel



Taro Submersible Pumps do not require frequent maintenance



However, it is good practice to monitor the conditions and performance of the pump and motor

Diagnosis may be carried out by checking the following:



Close the delivery valve and check the shut-off head generated by the pump



Check the current drawn by the pump at the duty flow rate



Both these data should be compared to corresponding data recorded when the unit was initially installed



Any reduction in shut-off head may indicate wear of the pump hydraulics



Any increase in motor current at duty flow rate indicates a possible overload condition



Under running conditions, intentionally disconnect any one phase and check if Single Phase Preventer works

### **Maintenance precaution**



Warning

Disconnect the power supply before starting maintenance or inspection of the pump to avoid electrical shock



Note

If you find any damages or abnormalities, switch OFF the pump and report the problem to the dealer from whom the set was purchased

NOTE: The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for damage or injury due to disassembly in the field.

# 13. Do's and don'ts

Do's	Don'ts
Prior to installation, check the water level in the submersible motor. If required, top up with clear and clean drinking water. Do not forget to replace the water filling plugs after filling	Do not erect the pumpset at the very bottom of the bore hole. Keep at least 3m bottom clearance
Check the direction of rotation of motor before coupling to the pump	Do not operate with the NRV and Strainer removed
Use proper size of cable from control panel to motor. Factor in operation at low-voltages	Do not permit use of multiple joints for making up the length of cable. Instead use a single cable from control panel to the submersible motor cable free end to reduce voltage drop
Connect the pump to a control panel with dry run and overload protectors	Do not operate the pump at shut-off conditions as the temperature of water will rise resulting in overheating of the components
Check the play and freeness of rotation of pump-motor shaft before installation	Do not test the pump outside the bore in dry condition as the seals and bearings will get damaged
Check for looseness of fasteners	Do not ground to a gas supply / water line
Check for leakages from motor	Do not lift / lower the product using the cable harness
When the drop cable must be spliced or connected to the motor leads, ensure that the splice is water tight.	Do not subject the product to shock loads
All wiring, electrical connections and system grounding must comply with local Electricity Board regulations.  It is essential to ground the unit to prevent electrical shock. Provide earthing through the screws provided on the motor body	Do not attempt to repair the set. Approach the dealer from whom the set was purchased
For motors provided with a key, ensure the key is in place while coupling the pump and motor	Do not install the pump without checking the water level in the motor body
Ensure motor insulation resistance between phases and earth is greater than $20\mbox{M}\Omega$	Do not operate the pump with very low / intermittent discharge. In such cases throttle the discharge to avoid dry running

Do's	Don'ts
If a plastic well casing is used in your installation, ground the metal well cap or well seal	Do not perform frequent Megger tests on the winding as the winding insulation can weaken
When not in use, run the pump at least a few minutes a day	Do not use oversized fuse wires as this can cause the motor winding to be damaged due to starter failure / short circuiting

# 14. Important safety instructions

Only qualified personnel should be involved for inspection, maintenance and repairs. The successful and safe operation of such a product depends on proper handling, installation and maintenance. It is suggested that in case of non-functioning of the product, the customer is requested to contact the dealer through whom the purchase was made.



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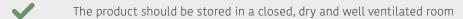
Hazardous voltage will cause death, serious injury, electrocution. Disconnect all power before working on this equipment.

Maintenance should be performed by only qualified personnel.

# 15. Storage & handling







Do not store the products in direct sunlight

Handle the pumps with care and do not expose the product to unnecessary impact and shocks

During unpacking and prior to installation, care must be taken when handling the pump to ensure that misalignment does not occur due to bending

If the product has been stored for a very long period, check the condition of the rubber gaskets, free rotation of the shaft, and level of water inside the motor

Caution	If the motors are stored, the shaft must be turned by hand at least once a month
Caution	If the motor has been stored for more than one year before installation, dismantle the motor and check the rotating parts and rubber components before use
Caution	After a long period of storage, the pump should be inspected before it is put in operation. Ensure the pump shafts rotate freely
Caution	The unit has water lubricated journal and thrust bearings and must never be run dry Starting the pumpset for a short period without water must be avoided entirely as operation under such conditions will damage the bearings.

# 16. Company contact information

For most up to date information on Texmo Industries, please visit www.taropumps.com



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